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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
	10/016,746	10/30/2001	Craig D. Sunada	10991022 -8	7701	
	75	09/24/2003				
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY			Y	EXAMINER		
	Intellectual Pro	perty Administration		<u> </u>		_

Intellectual Property Administration
P. O. Box 272400
Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400

WILLIAMS, KEVIN D

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 09/24/2003

2854

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
I	Application N .	Applicant(s)			
Advisory Action	10/016,746	SUNADA ET AL			
	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kevin D. Williams	2854			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
THE REPLY FILED 28 August 2003 FAILS TO PLACE T Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to av final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applicated a timely filed amendment which	ation. A proper reply to a n places the application in			
PERIOD FOR RE	PLY [check either a) or b)]				
 a)	advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	g date of the final rejection.			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the control of the cont	of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply the later than three months after the mail	originally set in the final Office action; or			
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF	•				
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:				
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);			
(b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);					
(c) they are not deemed to place the application ir issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mate	rially reducing or simplifying the			
(d) they present additional claims without canceling NOTE:	ng a corresponding number of fi	inally rejected claims.			
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reject	ion(s):				
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	eparate, timely filed amendment			
5. ☑ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☑ request for application in condition for allowance because: See		dered but does NOT place the			
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY t	o issues which were newly			
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims wo	• • •				
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:					
Claim(s) allowed:					
Claim(s) objected to:					
Claim(s) rejected: <u>14-26</u> .					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is	a)□ approved or b)□ disapp	roved by the Examiner.			
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)				
10.⊠ Other: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u>		L. Helle			
	SUPERVIS	EW H. HIRSHFELD ORY PATENT EXAMINER OROGY CENTER 2800			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 04-01)

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: applicant's arguments are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the media entrance of Saikawa is not adjacent the pick roller 111. As can be seen in figure 7, the media entrance, which is between the first guide structure 148 and the second guide structure (noted in Fig. 7), is next to and adjacent the pick roller 111. Webster defines "adjacent" as "not distant to" or "nearby".

Continuation of 10. Other: Attached, Webster's Collegiate Dictionary, Tenth Ed., pg. 14...

rectly accessible (~ registers in omputer) 2: of or relating to a subscription television system that uses decoders addressable by the system operator - ad-dress-abil-i-ty \>-,dre-sə-bi-lə-të\n

ad-dress-ee \a-dre-'sē, 2-dre-'sē\ n (1810): one to whom something is addressed ad-duce \p-'dus also -'dyus\ vi ad-duced; ad-duc-ing [L adducere, lit., to lead to, fr. ad- + ducere to lead — more at TOW] (15c): to offer as

example, reason, or proof in discussion or analysis — ad-duc-er n 'ad-duct \2-'dakt, a-\ vi [L adductus, pp. of adducere] (ca. 1839): 10 draw (as a limb) toward or past the median axis of the body; also: to bring together (similar parts) (~ the fingers) - ad-duc-tive \-'daktiv\ adj

²ad-duct \'a-,dokt\ n [G Addukt, fr. L adductus] (1941): a chemical addition product

ad-duc-tion \>-'d>k-shon, a-\ n (14c) 1: the action of adducting: the

state of being adducted 2: the act or action of adducing adductor \-'dok-tor\ n [NL, fr. L, one that draws to, fr. adductus] (1615) 1: a muscle that draws a part toward the median line of the body or toward the axis of an extremity 2: a muscle that closes the valves of a bivalve mollusk

add up vi (1850) 1 a: to come to the expected total (the bill doesn't add up) b: to form an intelligible pattern: make sense (her story just doesn't add up 2 a: AMOUNT 1b - used with to (the play adds up to a lot of laughs) b: to amount to a lot (just a little each time, but it all adds up> ~ vt: to form an opinion of (added him up at a glance)

-ade n suffix [ME, fr. MF, fr. OProv -ada, fr. LL -ata, fr. L, fem. of -atus -ate] 1: act : action (blockade) 2: product; esp : sweet drink

Adé-lie penguin \>-'dā-lē-\ n [Adélie Coast, Antarctica] (1907): a small antarctic penguin (Pygoscelis adeliae) - called also Adélie

-adeiphous adj comb form [prob. fr. NL -adelphus, fr. Gk adelphos brother, fr. ha-. a- together (akin to homos same) + delphys womb - more at SAME, DOLPHIN] : having (such or so many) stamen fascicles (monadelphous)

aden- or adeno- comb form [NL, fr. Gk, fr. aden-, aden; akin to L inguen groin] : gland (adenine): adenoid (adenovirus)

ad-e-nine \'a-d'n-ēn\ n [ISV, fr. its pres-ence in glandular tissue] (1885): a purine base C₅H₅N₅ that codes hereditary information in the genetic code in DNA and RNA -- compare CYTOSINE, GUANINE, THYMINE, URACIL

ad-e-ni-tis \a-d'n-'i-tos\ n [NL] (ca. 1848): inflammation of a gland; esp: LYMPHADENITIS

аd-e-no-car-ci-no-ma \a-d'n-(,)ō-,kär-s'n-'ō-mə\ n [NL] (са. 1889) : а malignant tumor originating in glandular epithelium - ad-e-no-carci-no-ma-tous \-ma-tas\ adj

Adélie penguin

ad-e-no-hy-poph-y-sis \-hī-'pä-fə-səs\ n, pl -y-ses \-fə-isēz\ [NL] (1935): the anterior glandular lobe of the pituitary gland - ad-e-nohy-poph-y-se-al \-(,)hi-,pii-fa-'sē-al\ c - &d-e-no-hy-po-phys-i-al \-,hipa-fi-zē-al\ adj

Ind-e-noid \'a-den-ioid. 'ad-moid\ n [Gik adenoeides glandular, fr. aden] (ca. 1890): an enlarged mass of lymphoid tissue at the back of the pharynx characteristically obstructing breathing - usu, used in pl. ²adenoid adj (ca. 1947) 1: of or relating to the adenoids 2: relating to, affected with, or associated with abnormally enlarged adenoids (a

severe ~ condition) (~ facies) ad-e-noi-dal \a-d'n-'oi-d'l\ adj (1919): exhibiting the characteristics (as snoring, mouth breathing, and voice nasality) of one affected with abnormally enlarged adenoids: ADENOID (an ~ tenor) - not usu.

ad-e-no-ma \a-don-'o-mo\ n. pl -mas also -ma-ta \-mo-to\ [NL adenomat-, adenoma] (1870): a benign tumor of a glandular structure or of glandular origin — ad-e-no-ma-tous \-mə-təs\ adj

aden-o-sine \a-de-na-,sen, -san\ n [ISV, blend of adenine and ribose] (ca. 1909): a nucleoside C₁₀H₁₃N₅O₄ that is a constituent of RNA yielding adenine and ribose on hydrolysis

adenosine diphosphate n (1938): ADP adenosine mo-no-phos-phate \-mä-nə-fäs-fāt, -mõ-\ n (1950): AMP adenosine 3',5'—monophosphate \-thrē-fiv-\ n (1970): CYCLIC AMP adenosine tri-phos-pha-tase \-trī-fas-fa-,tas, -,taz\ n (1943): ATPASE adenosine tri-phos-phate \-trī-fas-,fat\ n (1938): ATP

ad-e-no-vi-rus \a-don-ō-'vi-ros\ n (1956): any of a group of DNA= containing viruses orig. identified in human adenoid tissue, causing respiratory diseases (as catarrh), and including some capable of inducing malignant tumors in experimental animals -- ad-e-no-vi-ral \-ral\

ad-e-nyl-ate cy-clase \>-,de-n°l->t-'sī-,klās, -,āt-, -,klāz; ,a-d°n-,i-l>t-, ->-,lāt-\ n (1968): an enzyme that catalyzes the formation of cyclic AMP from ATP

ad-e-nyl cyclase \'a-d'n-il-\ n [adenine + -yl] (1968) : ADENYLATE

ad-e-nyl-ic acid \'a-d'n-,i-lik-\ n (1894): AMP

'ad-ept \'a-, dept, a-'dept, a-'\ n [NL adeptus alchemist who has attained the knowledge of how to change base metals into gold, fr. L, pp. of adipisci to attain, fr. ad- + apisci to reach - more at APT] (1709): a highly skilled or well-trained individual: EXPERT (an ~ at chess)

²adept \>-'dept also 'a-,dept\ adj (ca. 1691): thoroughly proficient : EXPERT Syn see PROFICIENT — adept-ly \2-'dep-(t)le, a-\ adv adept-ness \-'dep(t)-n>s\ n

ad-e-qua-cy \'a-di-kwa-sē\ n, pl -cies (1808): the quality or state of

being adequate ad-e-quate \-kwət\ adj [L adaequatus, pp. of adaequare to make equal, fr. ad- + aequare to equal — more at EQUABLE] (ca. 1617) 1: sufficient for a specific requirement (~ taxation of goods); also: barely sufficient or satisfactory (her first performance was merely ~) 2 : lawfully and reasonably sufficient syn see sufficient — ad-equate-ly adv - ad-e-quate-ness n

ad eun-dem \a-de-'an-dam\ or ad eundem gra-dum \-'gra-dam\ adv or adj [NL ad eundem gradum] (1711): to, in, or of the same rank -

used esp. of the honorary granting of academic standing or a degree by a university to one whose actual work was done elsewhere 'à deux \(,)à-'də(r), (,)à-dæ\ adj [F] (1886): involving two people esp.

in private (a cozy evening à deux)
2à deux adv (1927): privately or intimately with only two present (dined à deux)

ad-here \ad-hir, ad-\ vb ad-hered; ad-her-ing [MF or L; MF adherer, fr. Ladhaerere, fr. ad- + hacrere to stick] vi (1536) 1: to give support or maintain loyalty 2 obs: ACCORD 3 3: to hold fast or stick by or as if by gluing, suction, grasping, or fusing 4: to bind oneself to observance $\sim vt$: to cause to stick fast syn see STICK ad-her-ence \-'hir-an(t)s\ n (1531) 1: the act, action, or quality of

adhering 2: steady or faithful attachment : FIDELITY

lad-her-ent \ad-'hir-ont, od-\ adj [ME, fr. MF or L; MF adhérent, fr. L adhaerent, adhaerens, prp. of adhaerere] (15c) 1: able or tending to adhere 2: connected or associated with esp. by contract 3: ADNATE - ad-her-ent-ly adv

²adherent n (15c): one that adheres: as a: a follower of a leader. party, or profession b: a believer in or advocate esp. of a particular idea or church syn see FOLLOWER

ad-he-sion \ad-'hē-zhon, od-\ n [F or L; F adhésion, fr. L adhaesion-, adhaesio, fr. adhaerere] (1624) 1: steady or firm attachment: ADHER-ENCE 2: the action or state of adhering 3: the abnormal union of separate tissue surfaces by new fibrous tissue resulting from an inflammatory process; also: the newly formed uniting tissue 4: agreement to join (~ of all nations to a copyright convention) 5: the molecular attraction exerted between the surfaces of bodies in contact - ad-hesion-al \-'hēzh-nəl, -'hē-zhə-n'l\ adj

'ad-he-sive \-'hē-siv, -ziv\ adj (1670) 1: tending to remain in association or memory 2: tending to adhere or cause adherence 3: pre-

pared for adhering — ad-he-sive-ly adv — ad-he-sive-ness n adhesive n (1912) 1: an adhesive substance (as glue or cement) 2 : a postage stamp with a gummed back

adhesive binding n (1955): PERFECT BINDING — ad-he-sive-bound \-,baund\ adj

adhesive tape n (1928): tape coated on one side with an adhesive mixture; esp: one used for covering wounds

'ad hoc \'ad-'hak, -'hok; 'ad-'hok\ adv [L, for this] (1659) : for the particular end or case at hand without consideration of wider applica-

²ad hoc adj (1879) 1 a: concerned with a particular end or purpose (an ad hoc investigating committee) b: formed or used for specific or immediate problems or needs (ad hoc solutions) 2: fashioned from whatever is immediately available: IMPROVISED (large ad hoc parades

and demonstrations -Nat Hentoff) 'ad ho-mi-nem \(')ad-'ha-ma-nem, -nam\ adj [NL, lit., to the person] (1598) 1: appealing to feelings or prejudices rather than intellect 2 : marked by an attack on an opponent's character rather than by an answer to the contentions made

²ad hominem adv (1962): in an ad hominem manner (was arguing ad hominem

adi-a-bat-ic \,a-de-a-ba-tik, ,ā-,dī-a-\ adj [Gk adiabatos impassable. fr. a- + diabatos passable, fr. diabainein to go across, fr. dia- + bainein to go - more at COME] (1870): occurring without loss or gain of heat (~ expansion of a body of air > — adi-a-bat-i-cal-ly \-ti-k(\(\frac{1}{2}\)-le\ adv adieu \>-'d\(\vec{u}\), a-, -'d\(\vec{u}\)\ n. pl adieus or adieux \-'d\(\vec{u}\)z, -'d\(\vec{u}\)z\ [ME, fr.

MF, fr. a (fr. L ad) + Dieu God, fr. L Deus - more at DEITY] (14c) : FAREWELL - often used interjectionally ad in-fi-ni-tum \ad-in-fo-'ni-tom also ad-\ adv or adj [L] (1610)

: without end or limit 'ad in-ter-im \'ad-'in-to-rom, -rim also 'ad-\ adv [L] (1787): for the intervening time: TEMPORARILY

²ad interim adj (1818): made or serving ad interim adios \a-de-os, a-\ interj [Sp adios, fr. a (fr. L ad) + Dios God, fr. L Deus] (1837) — used to express farewell

adip- or adipo- comb form [L adip-, adeps, prob. fr. Gk aleipha fat, oil, fr. aleiphein to rub with oil — more at ALIPHATIC]: fat (adipocyte) adip-ic acid \>-di-pik-\ n [ISV] (1877): a white crystalline dicarbox-

ylic acid C₆H₁₀O₄ formed by oxidation of various fats and also made synthetically for use esp. in the manufacture of nylon ad-i-po-cyte \'a-di-po-sit\ n (1959): FAT CELL

ad-i-pose \'a-d--pos\ adj [NL adiposus, fr. L adip-, adeps] (1743): of or relating to animal fat; broadly: FAT — ad-i-pos-i-ty \,a-d--pä-s-

adipose tissue n (1854): connective tissue in which fat is stored and which has the cells distended by droplets of fat ad-it \'a-dat\ n [L aditus approach, fr. adire to go to, fr. ad- + ire to go - more at ISSUE] (1602): a nearly horizontal passage from the surface

in a mine ad-ja-cen-cy \2-'jā-s'n(t)-sē\ n, pl -cies (1646) 1: something that is adjacent 2: the quality or state of being adjacent: CONTIGUITY

ad.ja-cent \a-'ja-s'nt\ adj [ME, fr. MF or L; MF, fr. L adjacent-, adjacens, prp. of adjacere to lie near, fr. ad- + jacere to lie; akin to L jacere to throw — more at JET] (15c) 1 a: not distant: NEARBY (the city and ~ suburbs > b: having a common endpoint or border (~ lots) (~ sides of a triangle) c: immediately preceding or following 2 of two angles: having the vertex and one side in common - ad-ja-cently adv

syn ADJACENT, ADJOINING, CONTIGUOUS, JUXTAPOSED mean being in close proximity. ADJACENT may or may not imply contact but always implies absence of anything of the same kind in between (a house with an adjacent garage). ADJOINING definitely implies meeting and touching at some point or line (had adjoining rooms at the hotel). CONTIGU-OUS implies having contact on all or most of one side (offices in all 48 contiguous states). JUXTAPOSED means placed side by side esp. so as to permit comparison and contrast (a skyscraper juxtaposed to a church).

ad-jec-ti-val \a-jik-'ti-vəl\ adj (1797) 1: ADJECTIVE 2: characterized by the use of adjectives - ad-jec-ti-val-ly \-vo-le\ adv

'ad-jec-tive \'a-jik-tiv also 'a-ja-tiv\ adj [ME, fr. MF or LL; MF adjectif. fr. LL adjectivus, fr. L adjectus, pp. of adjicere to throw to, fr. ad- + jacere to throw - more at JET] (14c) 1: of, relating to, or functioning as an adjective (an ~ clause) 2: not standing by itself: DEPENDENT

law: ²adjc in or nou: exte. ad-jc jung ing cont ad-jc/ see A! ad-joi trans ad-jor jour c a late anoth ad.jot state (ad-jud ajugic (14c)prono hold c or gra ad∙ju⊷ judicia ad-ju-d fr. La : a juc di-ca-ı ¹ad∙jun adjung not ess or conitself a bial (a. leave a tion of 2 3: tiv, a-\ ²adjunc circum: staff (a ad-junc ad-ju-ra nest ura ad-jure fr. Lad comman : to urg ad-just (fr. L ac to a mc : to ma parts of : to red. paid una adapt or and beh. others just-abl adjustab rate whi rate but lender ad-just-e circumst: and usu. individua ad.just.e: : an inst and make ad-just-m justing amount is of being: adjusted actual co ad•ju•tantant ad.ju.tant - more : marine co esp. for co adjutant:

ministrati

tration an

tive office:

^tad•ju•van

adjuvare 1.

: AUXILIAI

disease (~

²adjuvant

(as in a pro

cipal ingre

the effective

immune re

Ad-le-ri-ar:

or being a

importance sation in no